## MATHEMATICS TEACHERS CONFERENCE 2017: 1<sup>st</sup> June @NTU/NIE

#### Mathematics Instruction: Goals, Tasks & Activities

#### Designing Rich Mathematics Activities for Conceptual and Relational Understanding

Ms Chua Kwee Gek (Singapore)

## Lateral Thinking to boost your Brainpower for Mathematics

#### **Whole Brain Puzzle:**

Which letter was originally in the bottom right corner?

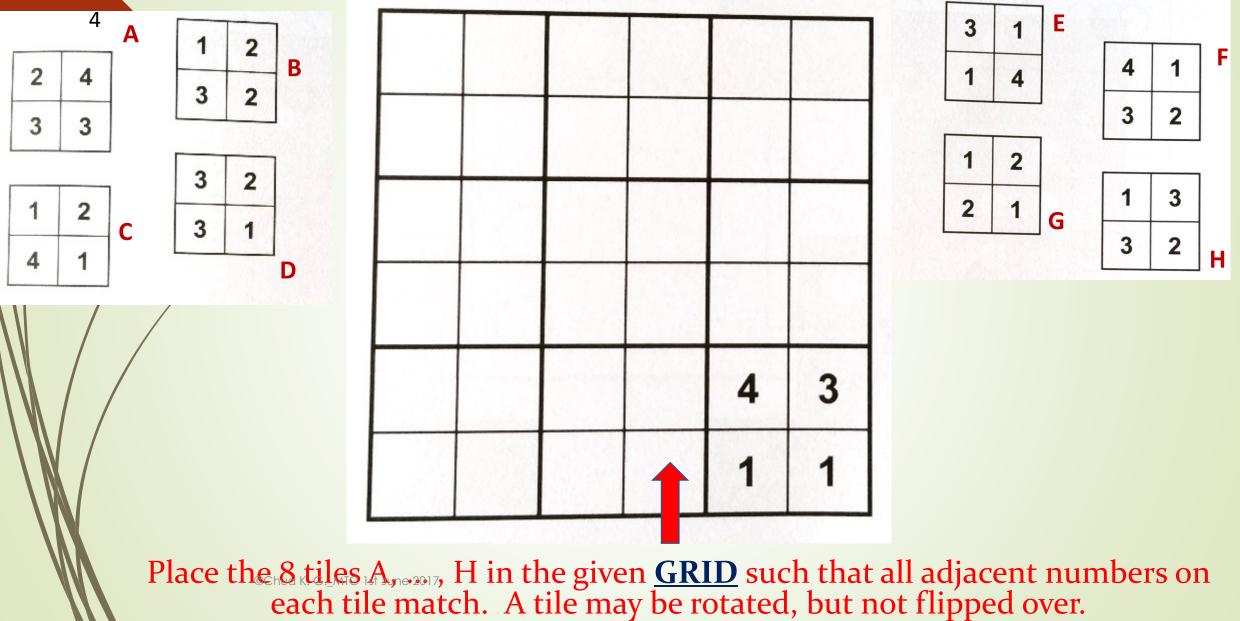
Which symbol has been removed?

Which symbol has changed from black to white?

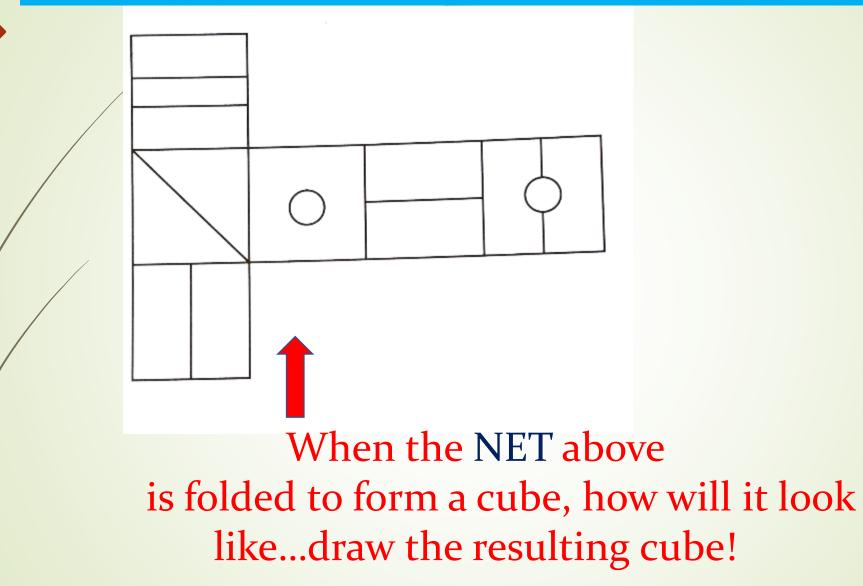
©Chua K. G.\_MTC 1st June 2017

3

#### Left Brain Puzzle: <u>Analytical</u>

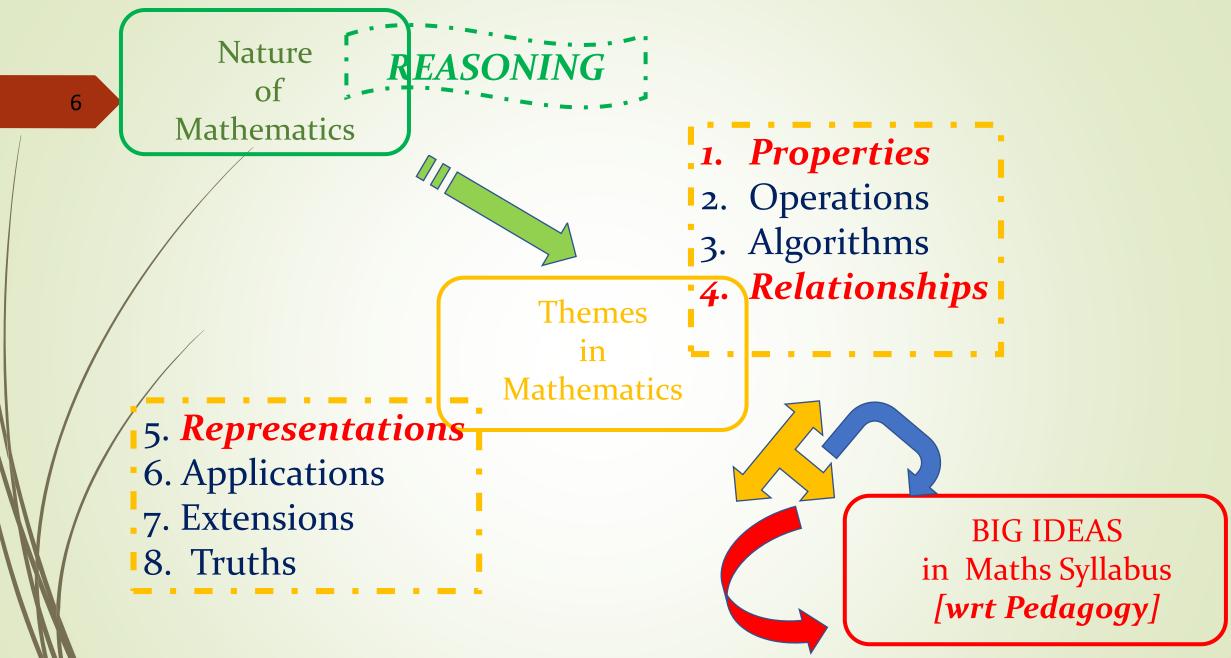


#### **Right Brain Puzzle:** <u>Creative</u>



©Chua K. G.\_MTC 1st June 2017

5



©Chua K. G.\_MTC 1st June 2017

E.G. Tay, Sharing@ AME annual meeting 29th May 2017

**Designing Rich Mathematics Activities for Conceptual and Relational Understanding** 

**Conceptual knowledge:** an integrated and functional grasp of mathematical ideas

Kilpatrick (2011)

**Conceptual knowledge:** rich in relationships and can be thought of as a connected web of knowledge

Hiebert (1986)

©Chua K. G.\_MTC 1st June 2017



#### translate teaching to learning

=> "ensure" conceptual & relational understanding

## **Rich Assessment Tasks/ Activities**

- Connect naturally with what has been taught/learnt
- Address a range of outcomes in one task/activity
- Engage the learners

9

- Provide a measure of choice or "openness" using different methods/approaches
- Are worthwhile for learners' learning
- Are time efficient and manageable
- Represent authentically the ways the knowledge and skills will be used in the future

©Chua K. G.\_MTC 1st June 2017

A. Downtown, R. Knight, D. Clarke & G. Lewis (2006)

#### **Topic I: Percent** {Sense making & Reasoning}

# Let's Recal/Reflect!:

### % Reasoning - Proportional Reasoning

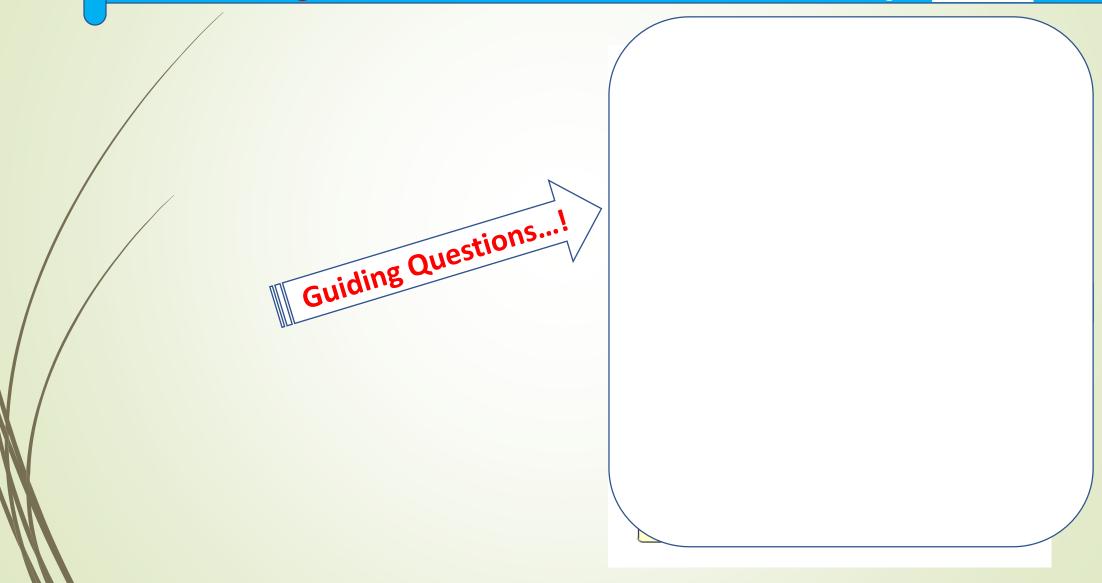
```
*A special ratio
```

```
>>
proportion of a part to a whole
of 100 and the units used in the
part and whole must be the
same.
```

1. Which is a better buy? 2. Support your answer with Guiding Questions...! some mathematical calculations. 3.Explain briefly. **Promotion A: Promotion B:** Chicken or Sausage Set **Chicken or Potatoes Combo** 

## **Discounts:**

Does higher discount amount means better buy? Why?



#### **LET'S REFLECT!**

\*More discount (savings) is not useful to decide which is a better buy.

Reason: the <u>base is different</u> \*Hence, we need to compute <u>% discount</u>

#### **LET'S REFLECT!**

What can we do with the savings from the discounted buy?

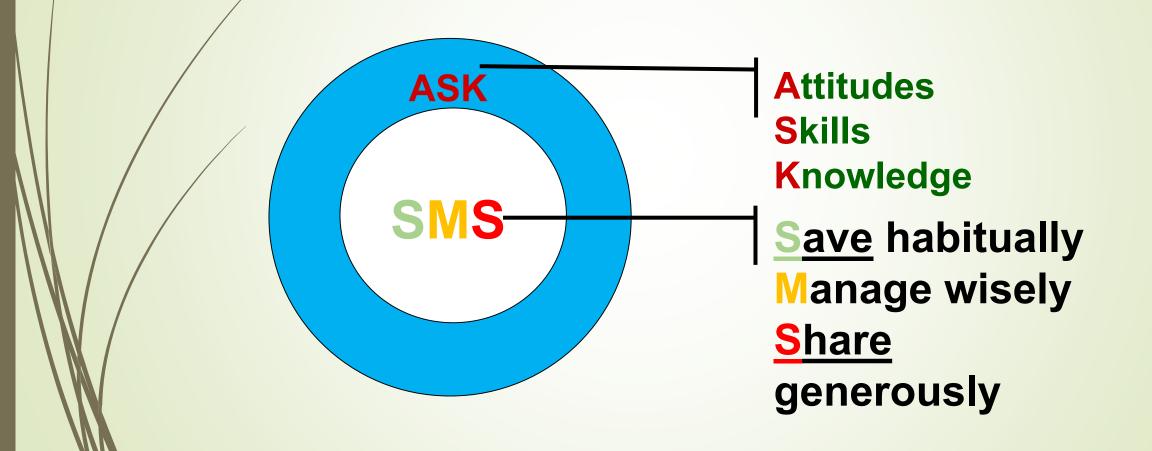


was defined in the UK by Noctor, Stoney and Stradling (1992) as the ability to make

and to take

**regarding the** <u>use</u> and <u>management</u> of money





Koh, N.K. (2011) Financial Literacy Curriculum Framework, Technical Report



## **2016 GCE °D° Item : Manage wisely**

P2\_Q2c 4016\_old syllabus

## **2016 GCE '0' Item : Manage wisely**

P1\_Q12 4048\_new syllabus

## **2016 GCE 'NA' Item: Manage wisely**

P2\_Q10 4045\_new syllabus

# Authentic Context



 How do you calculate the service charges?
 How do you calculate the GST?
 Remarks: GST is calculated based on sum of sub-total and SVC

#### **Discounts:**

Which item is the best buy? Show your working to support your choice

Β

D



#### **Include the value of freebie in your computation!**

Which item is the best buy? {kettle, camera & notebook} Show your working to support your choice.

## Let's focus on Sense making and % Reasoning!

#### Examine the concluding statements from given scenario

Justify each given concluding statement with correct % reasoning and sense making

Refute each given concluding streament with % reasoning and sense making

K. G.\_MIC Ist June 201

24

Teo, (2015)

S. W. Teo , (2016)

#### **Tuition**

# Advertisement



**Effective Tuition Centre** 

Special Revision package

| Tuition fee per hour |         |         |             |  |  |
|----------------------|---------|---------|-------------|--|--|
| Subject<br>Level     | Chinese | English | Mathematics |  |  |
| Upper<br>Secondary   | \$30    | \$40    | \$50        |  |  |
| Lower<br>Secondary   | \$20    | \$30    | \$40        |  |  |

Sign up for a revision package of 15 hours or ©Chua K. G.\_MIC 1st June 2017

S. W. Teo, (2016)

#### Tuition: Concluding statements of

#### 26 Ann Betty If I sign up for 30-hour revision packages as 2 sets of 15-hour revision packages. I will enjoy 20% discount off the total tuition fee. Betty If I sign up for 30-hour revision packages as 2 sets of 15-hour revision packages. I will enjoy 10% discount off the total tuition fee.

©Chua K. G.\_MTC 1st June 2017

| Category   | Specific problem [TIMSS 2007]   | % performance                          |  |
|--|---|--|--|
| Ratio task with<br>context <sup>7</sup> that is<br>familiar to students<br>in Singapore                          | On a school trip, there was 1 teacher for every 12<br>students.<br>If 108 students went on the trip, how many<br>teachers were on the trip?<br>(A) 7 (B) 8 (C) 9 (D) 10   | Singapore (95%)<br>International (79%) |  |
| A special ratio (per<br>cent) task with<br>context that could<br>be less familiar to<br>students in<br>Singapore | The total cost of the journey for all the students<br>must be 500 zeds or less.<br>There are 30 students in the class<br>Here are the costs for round trip ticket visiting each<br>tow <u>Acton or Camford</u><br>Student Rate 25 zeds<br>$\frac{1}{3}$ off for groups of 25<br>or more students<br>Which towns can they afford to visit? | Singapore (40%)<br>International (8%)  |  |
|  | Show your work.   | Foy & Olson , (2009)                   |  |

## **Context Distance...**

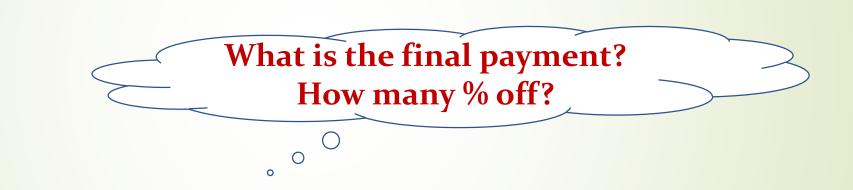
Influences the students' performance

Changes the motivating tool

Task context engagement and sequence is also important.

©Chua K. G.\_MTC 1st June 2017

#### **Stacking Discount: A growing trend...**



# Reasons for not making sense of the mathematical statements in real life:

Suspending sense making while solving mathematical problems

Forming imperfect concept image leading to misconceptions

Not coping with task complexity

Being unfamiliar with the terminology of the task context.

©Chua K. G.\_MTC 1st June 2017

S. W. Teo (2016)

#### **Topic II: Geometry** {concept & properties of polygons}

## Shape memory Game

Show 2D shapes for 6 minutes Remove the shapes Ask students to \*classify the shapes \*justify their classifications Mathematical Content: visualization & properties

32

### Paper Folding Activities: Exploring properties of polygons

- Begin with a sheet of A4 paper
- What is the important concept commonly used in this activity? -
- Regular triangle
  Regular quadrilateral
  Regular pentagon
  Regular hexagon
  Rhombus & parallelogram
- Rectangle
- Trapezium

©Chua K. G.\_MTC 1st June 2017

| Polygon<br>(special<br>name) | No of Sides | No. of<br>Diagonals  | Nature of<br>Diagonals | No. of equal<br>Sides | No. of equal<br>Angles | Sum of int.<br>Angles | Special<br>Remarks |
|------------------------------|-------------|----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|
| Regular<br>triangle          |             |                      |                        |                       |                        |                       |                    |
| Regular<br>quadrilateral     |             |                      |                        |                       |                        |                       |                    |
| Regular<br>pentagon          |             |                      |                        |                       |                        |                       |                    |
| Regular<br>hexagon           |             |                      |                        |                       |                        |                       |                    |
| Rhombus                      |             |                      |                        |                       |                        |                       |                    |
| Parallelogram                |             |                      |                        |                       |                        |                       |                    |
| Trapezium                    |             |                      |                        |                       |                        |                       |                    |
| Rectangle                    |             |                      |                        |                       |                        |                       |                    |
| Kite                         | ©Chua K     | . GMTC 1st June 2017 |                        |                       |                        |                       |                    |

# 35What will my quadrilateral look like?

quadrilateral has perpendicular diagonals but it is neither a square nor rhombus.

©Chua K. G.\_MTC 1st June 2017

Find the area of the trapezium if the ratio of the longer side to the shorter side to the perpendicular height between them is 3: 2 : 1.

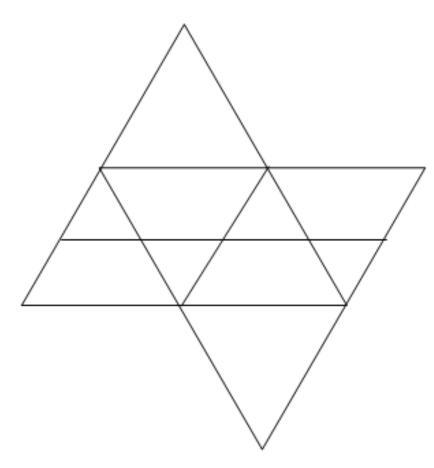
Given that the longer side is 3x + 3, where x = 3.

#### **32**% of a Sec 3 ID students could not solve this problem ...



## An Activity on Spatial Visualisation

How many trapezia, parallelograms and triangles can you find in this diagram?

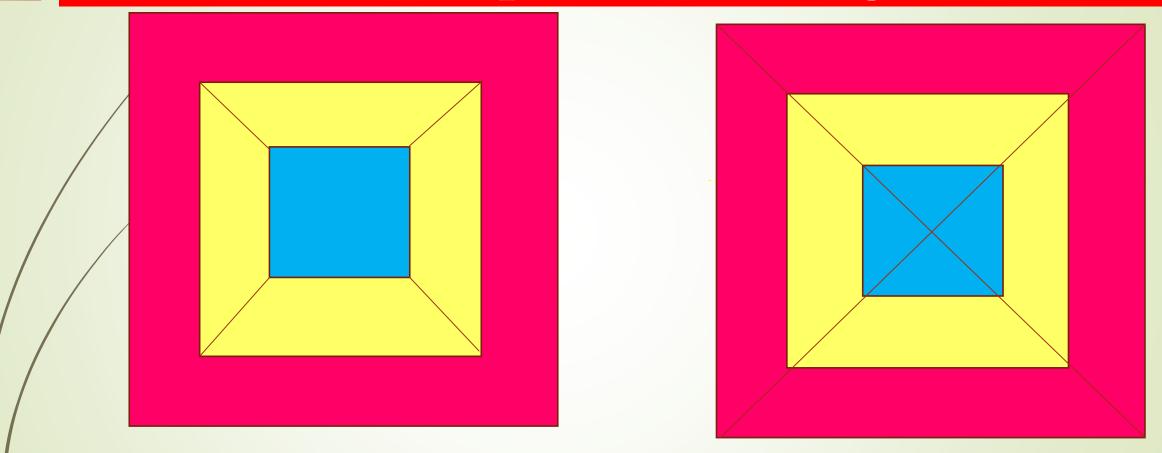


|      | Polygon                                  | Trapezium | Parallelogram | Triangle |
|------|--|-----------|---------------|----------|
| ©Chu | a K. GMIC 1st June 2017<br><b>Number</b> |           |               |          |

37

### Using the figure below: design a task related to a topic in Geometry

38



Find an example in a real life context similar to the above figure!